City of Bloomingdale, Georgia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Annual Financial Report

Table of Contents

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Page	
Financial Section		
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3	
Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	4	
Statement of Activities	5	
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	6	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	7	
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9	
General Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	10	
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Net Position	11	
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	125	
in Net Position	12	
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows	13	
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	14	
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	15	
Notes to the Financial Statements	16 - 28	
Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A:		
Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress	29	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Non-major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet	30	
Non-major Governmental Funds - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	31	
Forfeiture Account Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	32	
Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds	33 - 34	
Compliance Section		
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in		
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	35 - 36	



Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomingdale, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomingdale, Georgia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bloomingdale, Georgia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress on page 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information. We have applied certain limited procedures to the schedule of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bloomingdale, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2013 on our consideration of the City of Bloomingdale, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Bloomingdale, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KRT, CPAs P.C.

KRT, CPAS P.C.

Savannah, Georgia December 23, 2013

City of Bloomingdale, Georgia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

		vernmental Activities		isiness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	S	911,141	\$	975,353	\$ 1,886,494
Investments		200,000			200,000
Receivables		510,759		75,019	585,778
Internal balances		184,773		(184,773)	
Inventories		18,770		(4)	18,770
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:		0.00			2.3
Customer deposits		8,739		31,050	39,789
Net pension asset		548,601			548,601
Capital assets		42.50			2.012.421.23
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		2,959,374		59,335	3.018,709
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		4,255,415		1,829,707	6,085,122
Other assets				1,257,695	1,257,695
Total assets		9,597,572		4,043,386	13,640,958
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		160,444		12	160,444
Accrued payables		22,953		1,845	24,798
Customer deposits payable		8,739		31.050	39,789
Long-term liabilities:		24157		2.5522.0	0.191.20
Due within one year		60,390		2,908	63,298
Due in more than one year		280,336		3,555	283,891
Total liabilities		532,862		39,358	572,220
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		5,944,507		1,890,965	7,835,472
Restricted for		-4-1-C-4-2-1		Acceptance of	10204112
Capital projects		332.868		3.0	332,868
Public safety		772		-	772
Unrestricted.		2,786,563		2,113,063	4,899,626
Total net position	S	9,064,710	S	4,004,028	\$ 13,068,738

City of Bloomingdale, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Judiciary		_			Program	Reven	ues						ense) Revenue es in Net Positi		
General government. \$ 757,133 \$ 48,647 \$ - \$ 22,235 \$ (686,251) \$ (686,251) Judiciary 42,205 - - - (42,205) <th></th> <th></th> <th>Expenses</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Gr</th> <th>ants and</th> <th>G</th> <th>rants and</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Туре</th> <th></th> <th>Total</th>			Expenses			Gr	ants and	G	rants and				Туре		Total
Business-type activities: 563,476 519,825 - 3,150 - \$ (40,501) (40,50 Total business-type activities. 563,476 519,825 - 3,150 - (40,501) (40,50 Total. \$ 3,987,207 \$ 1,579,135 \$ 62,800 \$ 640,823 (1,663,948) (40,501) (1,704,44 GENERAL REVENUES Taxes: Sales taxes for general purposes. 841,384 - 841,38 Franchise taxes. 154,137 - 154,13 Business and occupation taxes. 162,331 - 162,33 Alcoholic beverage taxes. 13,365 - 13,365 Urrestricted investment earnings. 414 282 69 Miscellaneous. 199,738 2,172 201,91 Total general revenues. 1,371,369 2,454 1,373,82 Change in net position. (292,579) (38,047) (330,62) Net position - beginning. 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36	General government Judiciary Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Housing and development		42,205 1,476,662 771,015 359,730 6,642	S	736,072 246,371	\$		\$	297,993 184,985	\$	(42,205) (389,434) (339,659) (189,413) (6,642)			\$	(686,251) (42,205) (389,434) (339,659) (189,413) (6,642) (10,344)
Water and Sewer 563,476 519,825 - 3,150 - \$ (40,501) (40,501) Total business-type activities. 563,476 519,825 - 3,150 - (40,501) (40,50 Total	Total governmental activities	_	3,423,731	_	1,059,310	_	62,800		637,673		(1,663,948)				(1,663,948)
Total. \$ 3,987,207 \$ 1,579,135 \$ 62,800 \$ 640,823 (1,663,948) (40,501) (1,704,44) GENERAL REVENUES Taxes: Sales taxes for general purposes 841,384 - 841,38 Franchise taxes 154,137 - 154,13 Business and occupation taxes 162,331 - 162,33 Alcoholic beverage taxes 13,365 - 13,36 Unrestricted investment earnings 414 282 69 Miscellaneous 199,738 2,172 201,91 Total general revenues 1,371,369 2,454 1,373,82 Change in net position (292,579) (38,047) (330,62 Net position - beginning 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36			563,476		519,825		Q_		3,150		45	S	(40,501)		(40,501)
Total. \$ 3,987,207 \$ 1,579,135 \$ 62,800 \$ 640,823 (1,663,948) (40,501) (1,704,44 GENERAL REVENUES Taxes: Sales taxes for general purposes 841,384 - 841,38 Franchise taxes 154,137 - 154,13 Business and occupation taxes 162,331 - 162,33 Alcoholic beverage taxes 13,365 - 13,36 Unrestricted investment earnings 414 282 69 Miscellaneous 199,738 2,172 201,91 Total general revenues 1,371,369 2,454 1,373,82 Change in net position (292,579) (38,047) (330,62 Net position - beginning 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36	Total business-type activities		563,476		519,825				3,150				(40,501)		(40,501)
Taxes: 841,384 - 841,384 Franchise taxes. 154,137 - 154,137 Business and occupation taxes. 162,331 - 162,33 Alcoholic beverage taxes. 13,365 - 13,36 Unrestricted investment earnings. 414 282 69 Miscellaneous. 199,738 2,172 201,91 Total general revenues 1,371,369 2,454 1,373,82 Change in net position. (292,579) (38,047) (330,62 Net position - beginning. 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36	Total	\$	3,987,207	\$	1,579,135	\$	62,800	\$	640,823		(1,663,948)	_	(40,501)		(1,704,449)
Total general revenues 1,371,369 2,454 1,373,82 Change in net position (292,579) (38,047) (330,62 Net position - beginning 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36		Ta Ui	axes: Sales taxes for Franchise tax Business and Alcoholic beyonestricted investigation.	or gen es occu verago vestm	pation taxes e taxes						154,137 162,331 13,365 414				841,384 154,137 162,331 13,365 696 201,910
Change in net position (292,579) (38,047) (330,62) Net position - beginning 9,357,289 4,042,075 13,399,36		Tota	al general reve	enues						_	1,371,369	_	2,454	~	1,373,823
Net position - ending		Cha	nge in net pos	sition							(292,579)		(38,047)	1	(330,626) 13,399,364
- 18 t 1 Marco All acceptance and a comment of the		Net	position - end	ling						\$	9,064,710	\$	4,004,028	\$	13,068,738

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2013

		General	1	SPLOST Orainage oject Fund		PLOST 3 - 2008	-	SPLOST 108 - 2014	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS		201.262	è		0	4 144		100 660		20.220		442 242
Cash and cash equivalents	S	601,586	\$	147,373	\$	2,135	\$	109,668	\$	50,379	\$	911,141
Investments		200,000 416,073						46 110		10 500		200,000
Receivables (net of allowance) Due from other funds		184,773		24,197		-		46,118		48,568		510,759 208,970
Inventories		18,770		24,197						-		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:		10,770				- 1						18,770
Customer deposits		8,739		1		÷		-				8,739
Total assets	S	1,429,941	\$	171,570	\$	2,135	\$	155,786	\$	98,947	\$	1,858,379
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	S	89,843	S	70,601	S	14	S		\$		S	160,444
Accrued liabilities		22,953				2				- 2		22,953
Due to other funds						1,2		24,197				24,197
Deferred revenue		213,078				-						213,078
Payable from restricted assets:												
Customer deposits		8,739		-		-		1.4		2		8,739
Total liabilities		334,613		70,601				24,197				429,411
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Inventories		18,770						13		-		18,770
Restricted for:												
Public safety				1200		2.5				772		772
Capital projects		0.000		100,969		2,135		131,589		98,175		332,868
Unassigned		1,076,558										1,076,558
Total fund balances		1,095,328		100,969		2,135		131,589		98,947		1,428,968
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,429,941	\$	171,570	\$	2,135	\$	155,786	\$	98.947	\$	1,858,379

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,428,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	548,601
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet (net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,995,491)	7,214,789
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred on the governmental funds balance sheet	213,078
Long-term and related liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	(340,726)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,064,710

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General	SPLOST Drainage Project Fund	SPLOST 2003 - 2008	SPLOST 2008 - 2014	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	200000	-		1.0	A collection of	5.5 (2003)
Taxes	\$ 1,184,907	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,184,907
Licenses and permits	11,147			355000		11,147
Intergovernmental	85,313		-	555,065	75,000	715,378
Charges for services	480,067					480,067
Fines and forfeitures	573,363				1,061	574,424
Investment earnings	414	148			110	672
Contributions and donations	9,637		1.5		10,650	20,287
Miscellaneous	115,465	- t-			_	115,465
Total revenues	2,460,313	148		555,065	86,821	3,102,347
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	530,267			-		530,267
Judicial	40,235	1.0		- 64	-	40,235
Public safety	1,285,231				476	1,285,707
Public works	828,066		12			828,066
Culture and recreation	145,810	-		(- C		145,810
Housing and development	6,642	-				6,642
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-	831,381	237,635	257,793	214,343	1,541,152
Principal		- 2	33,416			33,416
Interest			10,344			10,344
Total expenditures	2,836,251	831,381	281,395	257,793	214,819	4,421,639
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(375,938)	(831,233)	(281,395)	297,272	(127,998)	(1,319,292)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	9)					
Transfers in	-	184,837	94		50,000	234,931
Transfers out			1-0	(234,931)		(234,931)
Sale of surplus property	27,571			Ge deser		27,571
Total other financing sources (uses)	27,571	184,837	94	(234,931)	50,000	27,571
Net Changes in fund balances	(348,367)	(646,396)	(281,301)	62,341	(77,998)	(1,291,721)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,443,695	747,365	283,436	69,248	176,945	2,720,689
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,095,328	\$ 100,969	\$ 2,135	\$ 131,589	\$ 98,947	\$ 1,428,968

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (1,291,721)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:			
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 1,431,176 (391,950)		1,039,226
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance			
by the carrying value of capital assets sold			(85,733)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year:			
Franchise tax			(6,090)
Fines and forfeitures			1,376
Governmental funds report debt service as expenditures. However, in the statement			
of activities, long-term debt is recognized as a liability.			33,416
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Compensated absences			4,326
Net pension asset			12,621
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(292,579)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,094,717	\$ 1,159,717	\$ 1,184,907	\$ 25,190
Licenses and permits	5,070	5,070	11,147	6,077
Intergovernmental revenues	55,300	82,860	85,313	2,453
Charges for services	489,477	489,477	480,067	(9,410)
Fines and forfeitures	625,000	625,000	573,363	(51,637)
Investment income	1,000	1,000	414	(586)
Contributions and donations			9,637	9,637
Miscellaneous	83,676	104,976	115,465	10,489
Total revenues	2,354,240	2,468,100	2,460,313	(7,787)
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government				
Mayor and Council	13,800	13,800	10,800	3,000
Administration	435,613	520,063	519,467	596
Municipal Court	39,850	40,250	40,235	15
Public safety	222 232	of the factor of the	V oxelubil	ula da
Police	990,702	1,087,062	1,086,354	708
Fire	158,557	200,557	198,877	1,680
Public works	710 100	000 000	000.000	222
Public maintenance	710,499	828,399	828,066	333
Culture and recreation	72 100	145 020	145 010	120
Recreation	73,180	145,930	145,810	120
Housing and development Building and zoning	9,750	9,750	6,642	3,108
Total expenditures	2,431,951	2,845,811	2,836,251	9,560
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(77,711)	(377,711)	(375,938)	1,773
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of fixed assets	2,500	27,500	27,571	71
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,500	27,500	27,571	71
Net change in fund balance	(75,211)	(350,211)	(348,367)	1,844
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,443,695	1,443,695	1,443,695	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,368,484	\$ 1,093,484	\$ 1,095,328	\$ 1,844

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

ASSETS	Business-type Activities
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 975,353
Receivables (net of allowance)	75,019
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	72,013
Customer deposits	31,050
Fotal current assets	1,081,422
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	59,335
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,829,707
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,889,042
Other noncurrent assets:	
Unamortized costs: treatment plant	1,257,695
Fotal noncurrent assets	3,146,737
Total assets	4,228,159
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued payables	1.845
Compensated absence.	2,908
Due to other funds	184,773
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits payable	31,050
Total current liabilities	220,576
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absence	3,555
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,555
Total liabilities	224,131
NET POSITION	
VET PUSITION	1,890,965
15 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Net investment in capital assets	2,113,063

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Water charges	\$ 173,596
Sewer Charges	316,388
Other income	32,013
Total operating revenues	521,997
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water	
Personnel services.	76,748
Purchased and contracted services	33,690
Materials and supplies	61,374
Interfund charges	15,578
Depreciation	25,515
Total operating expenses - water	212,905
Sewer	
Personnel services.	50,462
Purchased and contracted services	89,607
Materials and supplies	98,137
Interfund charges	10,800
Depreciation	67,902
Amortization	33,663
Total operating expenses - server	350,571
Total operating expenses	563,476
Operating income (loss)	(41,479)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	282
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	282
Income before capital contributions	(41,197)
Capital contributions from governmental funds	11,539
Capital contributions - connection fees	3,150
Change in net position	(26,508)
Net position, beginning of year	4,030,536
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,004,028
Exter R and seed Seed at \$1,5 decision and an analysis and an	3 1190 11920

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			siness-type Activities
Cash payments to suppliers for	r goods and services	s	525,603 (312,420) (124,581)
Net cash provided (used) by ope	rating activities	_	88,602
	APITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES nts)	_	(70,815)
Net cash provided (used) by non	capital financing activities		(70,815)
Capital contributions - connec	CAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES tion fees		3,150 (38,971)
Net cash provided (used) by cap	ital and related financing activities		(35,821)
	rTING ACTIVITIES		282 244,205
Net cash provided (used) by inve	esting activities		244,487
Net increase (decrease) in cash a	nd cash equivalents		226,453
Cash and cash equivalents, begin	ning of year		779,950
Cash and cash equivalents, end of	f year	\$	1,006,403
	RATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)		\$	(41,479)
Adjustments to reconcile operati to net cash provided by operati	ng activities:		
Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:	on		127,080
(Decrease) Increase in account (Decrease) Increase in compen	s receivabless payablesated absencesr deposits		(4,212) (3,234) 2,629 9,013
Total adjustments			130,081
Net cash provided (used) by ope	rating activities	\$	88,602
	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES equired with SPLOST revenues	\$	11,539

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2013

	Pro	Employees' Retirement gram Pension Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,501
Investments, at fair value:		
Stocks and options		546,477
Fixed income securities.		369,842
Cash value of life insurance		27,647
Total assets	\$	1,085,467
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for pension benefits (see Schedule of Funding Progress on page 28)	\$	1,085,467

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Pro	mployees' etirement ram Pension rust Fund	
Additions			
Contributions: Employer (including life insurance premiums)	\$	115,288	
Total contributions		115,288	
Investment earnings:			
Investment earnings Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		80,469 (7,079)	
Net investment earnings.		73,390	
Total additions	_	188,678	
Deductions			
Benefits paid to plan participants		75,951	
Administrative expense		9,688	
Total deductions.		85,639	
Net increase (decrease) for the year in plan net position		103,039	
Net position - beginning		982,428	
Net position - ending	\$	1,085,467	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Bloomingdale, Georgia ("City") is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and sixmember council and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general administrative services, public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning. In addition, the City operates a public utility (water and sewer) for the incorporated and immediate surrounding areas.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 defines the reporting entity for determining which potential component units should be included in a primary government's financial statements. Inclusion is based on financial accountability or the fact that exclusion would make the financial statements misleading or incomplete. The criteria for determining financial accountability includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose financial burdens on the City. Using the above criteria, the City has no component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual – that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, occupational taxes and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) Drainage capital projects fund accounts for the
 receipt and use of local government shared revenues (SPLOST proceeds) to be used for the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of capital drainage infrastructure approved in the City's
 intergovernmental agreement with Chatham County, Georgia.
- The Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) 2003 2008 capital projects fund accounts for the receipt and use of local government shared revenues (SPLOST proceeds) to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities approved in the City's intergovernmental agreement with Chatham County, Georgia, specifically for the 2003 - 2008 referendum.
- The Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) 2008 2014 capital projects fund accounts for the receipt and use of local government shared revenues (SPLOST proceeds) to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities approved in the City's intergovernmental agreement with Chatham County, Georgia, specifically for the 2008 - 2014 referendum.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

 The water and sewer enterprise fund operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the distribution of water. The operations of this fund are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.
- Pension trust fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

As a general rule, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand and on deposit with financial institutions. For purposes of reporting cash on the statement of net position, the City considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government and agencies or corporations of the U.S. Government; obligations of any state; obligations of any political subdivision of any state; certificates of deposit or time deposits of any national state bank or savings and loan which have deposits insured by the FDIC of FSLIC; prime bankers acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia.

All investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Accounts receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in / first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Restricted assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to July 1, 2003. The City is only reporting general infrastructure assets and related depreciation expense on general infrastructure assets prospectively, that is general infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 and are not reported in the basic financial statements.

All capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity of efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and system	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 30
Vehicles	6
Infrastructure	10 - 65

6. Compensated absences

Employees earn vacation leave at the rate of six days per year for the first year of service up to a maximum of twenty-five days per year after five years of service. A maximum of twenty days may be carried over into an employee's next service year. Any unused, accrued vacation leave in excess of twenty days from service year to service year will be forfeited. Employees resigning voluntarily and in good standing will be paid for earned but unused vacation leave. All vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees accrue personal leave at the rate of four hours per month to a maximum of forty-eight hours per year. Employees are allowed to carry eighty to one hundred and sixty hours personal leave based on year of services. An employee who resigns or is discharged from city service will not be paid for any unused personal leave. The City does not record a liability for vested personal leave benefits. Expenses are recognized in the financial statements at the time of payment.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund equity

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fund balance consists of nonspendable fund balance which includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts restricted to specific purposes. Committed fund balance represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as pursuant to official action by City Council prior to the end of the reporting period. Assigned fund balance represents amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose but is neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authority to assign fund balance. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When restricted and other fund balance resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts, respectively.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position Amount of net position that are subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as invested in capital assets.
- 9. Interfund transactions are reflected as loans and are for services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide columnar presentation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

10. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the related notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

All governmental fund budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Council may transfer funds from one object or purpose to another within the same department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year.

Budget appropriations presented in this report include all legally adopted appropriations as amended during the fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2013, supplemental increases in appropriations were \$413,860 and \$500 in the General Fund and Forfeited Account fund respectively.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2013, the City had the following investments and maturities:

					Inv	estment Ma	turitie	s (in years)		
Type of Investment	Average Credit Rating	Fair Value		Less than 1		1-3		4-5		Greater than 5
General Fund										
Cerificates of deposit	N/A	\$ 200,000	\$	200,000	S	-	S	-	S	-
Pension Trust Fund										
Stocks and options		546,477		546,477		- 30				
Corporate bonds										
Various	AA	41,880		20,605		21,275		-		4.
Various	A+	41,885		20,558		21,327		124		40
Various	A	20,371		20,371		-		1.0		7.
Various	A-	133,012		-		110,534		7		22,478
Various	BBB+	44,696		1.4		44,696				-
Various	BBB	87,998		100		44,298		36,882		6,818
		\$ 1,116,319	\$	808,011	\$	242,130	\$	36,882	\$	29,296
			-							

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law governs the investment of retirement funds (O.C.G.A. 47-20-84) and limits investments to maximum concentrations by investment category (at cost). The City has no formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days, a sum of money which has not been secured by a surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged, shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of depository insurance. The City has no custodial credit risk policy that would require additional collateral requirements. At year-end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,067,784 and the bank balance was \$1,793,575. As of June 30, 2013 the entire bank balance was insured and collateralized with securities held by the government or its agent in the City's name.

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:

\$ 1,886,494
39,789
141,501
\$ 2,067,784

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General	PLOST 03 - 2014	200	ater and wer Fund	onmajor /ernmental	Total
Receivables:						
Accounts	\$ 357,147	\$ 2.0	\$	82,446	\$ -	\$ 439,593
Intergovernmental	70,334	46,118			48,568	165,020
Gross receivables	427,481	46,118		82,446	48,568	604,613
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(11,408)	-		(7,427)		(18,835)
Net total receivables	\$ 416,073	\$ 46,118	\$	75,019	\$ 48,568	\$ 585,778

C. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue liabilities are reported in the governmental funds to offset receivables that do not meet the availability criterion under the modified accrual basis of accounting. At the end of the 2012 fiscal year, deferred revenue reported in governmental funds represented franchise tax revenues of \$52,500 and fine and forfeiture revenues of \$160,578.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated \$ 1,163,628 \$ - \$ - \$ - Land \$ 863,280 1,079,609 - (147,143) Total capital assets, not being depreciated 2,026,908 1,079,609 - (147,143) Capital assets, being depreciated 2,090,087 - 264,250 - Improvements other than buildings 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (74,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	Ending Balance	Transfers		Decreases	7	Increases		Beginning Balance	I	
Land \$ 1,163,628 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ Construction in progress 863,280 1,079,609 - (147,143) Total capital assets, not being depreciated 2,026,908 1,079,609 - (147,143) Capital assets, being depreciated 2,090,087 - 264,250 - 191,169 Buildings 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - 22,265,161 - 22,265,161 - 22,265,161 - 3,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - 3,152,963 Improvements other than buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - 3,152,963 Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - 3,152,963 Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) - 3,152,963										Governmental activities
Construction in progress 863,280 1,079,609 - (147,143) Total capital assets, not being depreciated 2,026,908 1,079,609 - (147,143) Capital assets, being depreciated 8uildings. 2,090,087 - 264,250 - 191,169 Improvements other than buildings. 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment. 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles. Vehicles. 977,676 296,960 467,772 - 191,169 147,143 Total capital assets, being depreciated. 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings. (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - 191,169 Improvements other than buildings. (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - 191,169 Improvements other than buildings. (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - 191,143 Machinery and equipment. (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - 191,143 Vehicles. (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) - 191,143										Capital assets, not being depreciated
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 2,026,908 1,079,609 - (147,143) Capital assets, being depreciated 8uildings. 2,090,087 - 264,250 - 264,250 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment. 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - 477,576 <td< td=""><td>\$ 1,163,628</td><td>h 1/4 P</td><td>2</td><td>y y</td><td>S</td><td></td><td>S</td><td>1,163,628</td><td>\$</td><td>Land</td></td<>	\$ 1,163,628	h 1/4 P	2	y y	S		S	1,163,628	\$	Land
Capital assets, being depreciated 2,090,087 - 264,250 - Improvements other than buildings 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	1,795,746	(147,143)		. 9.		1,079,609		863,280		Construction in progress
Buildings 2,090,087 - 264,250 - Improvements other than buildings 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	2,959,374	(147,143)		- 3		1,079,609	Ξ	2,026,908		otal capital assets, not being depreciated
Improvements other than buildings. 695,450 - 191,169 147,143 Machinery and equipment. 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles. 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure. 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated. 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings. (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings. (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment. (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles. (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -										Capital assets, being depreciated
Machinery and equipment 1,124,589 54,607 477,576 - Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	1,825,837			264,250				2,090,087		Buildings
Vehicles 977,676 296,960 467,772 - Infrastructure 2,265,161 - - - Total capital assets, being depreciated 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	651,424	147,143		191,169				695,450		Improvements other than buildings
Infrastructure	701,620	9		477,576		54,607		1,124,589		Machinery and equipment
Total capital assets, being depreciated. 7,152,963 351,567 1,400,767 147,143 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	806,864	-		467,772		296,960		977,676		Vehicles
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	2,265,161	-						2,265,161		Infrastructure
Buildings (520,486) (52,408) (226,595) - Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	6,250,906	147,143		1,400,767		351,567		7,152,963		otal capital assets, being depreciated
Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -										less accumulated depreciation for:
Improvements other than buildings (274,147) (46,212) (163,544) - Machinery and equipment (818,279) (78,202) (460,727) - Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168) -	(346,299)	+ 1		(226,595)		(52,408)		(520,486)		Buildings
Vehicles (887,156) (101,931) (464,168)	(156,815)			(163,544)		(46,212)		(274,147)		
	(435,754)	_		(460,727)		(78,202)		(818,279)		Machinery and equipment
	(524,919)	100		(464,168)		(101,931)		(887,156)		Vehicles
Infrastructure	(531,704)	- 2		-		(113,197)		(418,507)		Infrastructure
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,995,491)	-		(1,315,034)	5	(391,950)		(2,918,575)		otal accumulated depreciation
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,255,415	147,143		85,733		(40,383)		4,234,388	- 1	otal capital assets, being depreciated, net
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,214,789		\$	85,733	\$	1,039,226	\$	6,261,296	\$	Jovernmental activities capital assets, net

Depreciation expense was charged to function / departments of the City as follows:

Depreciation expense by function

Total depreciation expense by function	\$	391,950
Culture and Recreation		55,820
Public Works		130,889
Public Safety		147,638
General Government	S	57,603

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

-	\$ 59,335
	59,335
+	3,683,988
40	212,231
•	69,400
= :	3,965,619
	(1,931,942)
-	(167,046)
6	(36,924)
	(2,135,912)
	1,829,707
- [\$ 1,889,042

Wastewater Treatment Plant Costs

The City entered into an agreement with the City of Pooler, Georgia in 1998 to defray a portion of the capital costs associated with certain improvements to the Pooler wastewater treatment plant facility. In return, the City would be permitted to connect and discharge raw sewage to the facility. The term of the agreement is for fifty years terminating on June 30, 2048. At June 30, 2013, contributions totaled \$1,257,695, net of accumulated amortization of \$425,452. Amortization expense for fiscal year 2013 was \$33,663.

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Due from / to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund SPLOST Drainage Project	Water and Sewer Fund SPLOST 2008-2014	\$ 184,773 24,197
		\$ 208,970

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City expects to pay all interfund balances within one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Interfund transfers:

Transfer from	Transfer to	- 1	Amount
SPLOST 2008-2014	SPLOST Drainage Project	\$	184,837
SPLOST 2008-2014	SPLOST 2003-2008		94
SPLOST 2008-2014	Greenspace		50,000
Total	***************************************	\$	234,931

Interfund Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

F. Long-term Debt

Note Payable

On October 21, 2010 the City executed an agreement with Branch Banking and Trust (BB&T) for the purpose of purchasing land located at 5 Adams Road. The loan amount is \$370,000 and has an interest rate of 3.43%. The monthly payment is \$4,907 for a period of ten years. The balance of the loan as of June 30, 2013, was \$283,372. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Total Debt Service Requirements - Notes Payable

Fiscal Year Ending	_ I	Principal	 Interest		Total
2014	\$	34,581	\$ 9,179	S	43,760
2015		35,785	7,975		43,760
2016		37,032	6,728		43,760
2017		38,323	5,437		43,760
2018		39,658	4,102		43,760
2019 - 2021		97,993	4,114		102,107
Totals	\$	283,372	\$ 37,535	\$	320,907

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Reginning Balance	Iı	ncreases	Decreases			Ending Balance	Current Portion	
Governmental activities Note payable Compensated absences	\$ 316,788 61,680	\$	59,801	\$	33,416 64,127	s	283,372 57,354	s	34,581 25,809
Total governmental activities	\$ 378,468	\$	59,801	\$	97,543	\$	340,726	\$	60,390
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$ 3,834	s	7,746	\$	5,117	\$	6,463		2,908
Total business-type activities	\$ 3,834	\$	7,746	S	5,117	\$	6,463	S	2,908

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Employee Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The City of Bloomingdale Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time employees who have attained age 21 and completed one year of service. In addition, the plan covers the Mayor and City Councilmen. The Plan provides retirement, death and termination benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is administered by the City's Pension Board. The City has the authority to amend and/or terminate the Plan at any time. The accounting and financial reporting functions are performed by the City's finance department and the Plan's audited financial statement is included in the City's annual financial report as a pension trust fund.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The City pays the entire cost of the plan, including administrative expenses. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investments are reported at fair value (quoted market price or best estimate thereof).

As of July 1, 2013, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the number of participants was a follows:

Active plan members	36
Terminated plan members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benenfits	4
Total	40

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 9.65 percent of annual covered payroll. The minimum required contribution rates for the plan's fiscal years ended 2013 and 2012 were \$100,021 and \$96,434 respectively. Employees do not contribute.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (excess funding) to the plan for the current year were as follows:

		Plan	e 30	30,		
		2013		2012		2011
Annual required contribution	\$	100,021	\$	96,434	\$	98,112
Interest on net pension obligation		(42,878)		(43,973)		(43,687)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		43,200		44,303	_	44,015
Annual pension cost (1) + (2) + (3)		100,343		96,764		98,440
Contribution made (net of insurance premiums)		(112,964)		(83,083)	_	(102,014)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation (4) + (5)	T	(12,621)		13,681		(3,574)
Net pension obligation (excess), beginning of year		(535,980)		(549,661)		(539,577)
Net pension obligation (excess), end of year (6) + (7)	\$	(548,601)	\$	(535,980)	S	(543,151)
	Interest on net pension obligation	Annual pension cost (1) + (2) + (3)	Annual required contribution	Annual required contribution	Annual required contribution \$ 100,021 \$ 96,434 Interest on net pension obligation $(42,878)$ $(43,973)$ Adjustment to annual required contribution $43,200$ $44,303$ Annual pension cost $(1) + (2) + (3)$ $100,343$ $96,764$ Contribution made (net of insurance premiums) $(112,964)$ $(83,083)$ Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation $(4) + (5)$ $(12,621)$ $13,681$ Net pension obligation (excess), beginning of year $(535,980)$ $(549,661)$	Annual required contribution

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) an 8.0% interest rate; (b) a 5.0% salary progression rate; and (c) a 0.0% inflation rate. Assets are valued at market. A closed group is used. Under the cost method, unfunded actuarial liabilities are amortized over 15 years. The amortization of unfunded accrued liability uses the level percentage of compensation method.

Trend Information

Plan Year Ended	Co	Annual equired ntribution (ARC)	Actual Pension Contribution		Percentage of ARC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation (Excess)		
6/30/2007	\$	66,477	\$	76,139		115 %	\$	(494,781)	
6/30/2008		60,117		76,890		128		(511,256)	
6/30/2009		88,787		117,416		132		(539,578)	
6/30/2010		89,825		96,658		108		(546,087)	
6/30/2011		98,112		102,014		104		(549,661)	
6/30/2012		96,434		83,083		86		(535,980)	
6/30/2013		100,021		112,964		113		(548,601)	

Fund Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 87.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,248,322 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,085,467. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,128,481. The unfunded accrued liability (UAAL) was \$162,855 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 14.4%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is required to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigations, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The City pays unemployment claims to the state department of labor on a reimbursement basis. Liabilities for such claims are immaterial and are not accrued.

C. Commitments and Contingencies

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior year experiences, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. Membership in Coastal Regional Commission

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the nine county coastal Georgia region, is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission (CRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City paid \$2,713 in such dues. Membership in CRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. The CRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from Coastal Regional Commission, 127 "F" Street, Brunswick, Georgia 31520.

E. Fund Balance Classifications

Classification/ Fund	Purpose	Amount
Nonspendable		
General Fund	Inventories	\$ 18,770
Restricted		
SPLOST Drainage Projects	Drainage projects	100,969
SPLOST 2003-2008	Capital outlay projects	2,135
SPLOST 2008-2014	Capital outlay projects	131,589
Forfeiture Account Fund	U.S. Department of Justice	772
Capital Projects - Green Space Projects	Green space capital projects	98,175
Unassigned		
General Fund		1,076,558
	Total Fund Balance	\$ 1,428,968

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress

June 30, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	ation Value of Accrue		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Funded Liability Ratio			(Annual Covered Payroll	UALL as Percentag of Covere Payroll	ge ed		
7/1/2002	\$	372,312	\$	521,836	\$	149,524	7	1.3 %	\$	554,045	27.0	%
7/1/2003		383,445		490,848		107,403	7	8.1		456,265	23.5	
7/1/2004		462,019		604,716		142,697	7	6.4		568,928	25.1	
7/1/2005		544,532		673,112		128,580	8	0.9		556,634	23.1	
7/1/2006		606,602		671,058		64,456	9	0.4		808,449	8.0	
7/1/2007		700,669		713,359		12,690	9	8.2		776,661	1.6	
7/1/2008		727,910		847,279		119,369	8.	5.9		987,404	12.1	
7/1/2009		775,272		936,116		160,844	83	2.8		935,786	17.2	
7/1/2010		878,735		1,079,975		201,240	8	1.4		976,460	20.6	
7/1/2011		1,118,672	1	1,239,953		121,281	90	0.2	1	1,011,662	12.0	
7/1/2012		982,428		1,086,880		104,452	90	0.4	1	1,099,616	9.5	
7/1/2013		1,085,467	1	1,248,322		162,855	8	7.0	1	1,128,481	14.4	

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

The Forfeiture Account Fund accounts for forfeited assets awarded to the City and the related expenditures.

Capital Project Funds

The capital projects funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by other capital project funds and the water and sewer fund.

The Greenspace Project Fund accounts for greenspace projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds.

Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2013

		n-major pecial nue Fund rfeiture eccunt	Capi Fun	on-major tal Projects d - Green ce Projects	Total Non-major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	S	772	\$	49,607	\$	50,379	
Intergovernmental receivable				48,568		48,568	
Total assets	\$	772	\$	98,175	\$	98,947	
FUND BALANCES							
Fund balance:							
Restricted for:							
Public safety	\$	772	S		\$	772	
Capital projects				98,175		98,175	
Total fund balance		772		98,175		98,947	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	772	\$	98,175	\$	98,947	
	_				-		

Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Reve Fo	n-major special enue Fund orfeiture occount	Capi Fur	on-major ital Projects nd - Green ce Projects	Total Non-major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	0			77.000	er.	75.000	
Intergovernmental. Fines and forfeitures.	\$	1.061	\$	75,000	\$	75,000 1.061	
Investment earnings		1,061		110		110	
Contributions and donations				10,650		10,650	
Total revenues.		1,061		85,760		86,821	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public safety		476				476	
Capital outlay				214,343		214,343	
Total expenditures		476		214,343		214,819	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		585	Ξ	(128,583)		(127,998)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		4.		50,000		50,000	
Total other financing sources	_		-	50,000		50,000	
Net change in fund balance		585	-	(78,583)	_	(77,998)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		187		176,758		176,945	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	772	\$	98,175	S	98,947	

Forfeiture Account Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	_	Budgeted Amounts		nts	1	Actual	Final	nce with Budget sitive
news-state.	Or	iginal	F	inal	A	nounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	\$		s	500	\$	1,061	\$	561
Total revenues		-		500		1,061		561
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		•		500		476		24
Total expenditures		4		500		476		24
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		120				585		585
Fund balance at beginning of year		187		187		187		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	187	\$	187	S	772	\$	585

Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Estima	ted Cost	Expe	Cumulative	
Project	Original	Current	Prior Years	Current	Total
1998 Resolution					
Drainage capital improvements	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,051,704	\$ 747,513	\$ 2,799,217
Open space and greenway / bikeway	121,531	121,531	63,568	78,693	142,26
Public safety equipment	266,665	327,229	347,501	-	347,50
Other capital outlay projects:	458,703	458,703			
Local street improvements	-		334,173		334,17
Public safety building	-	-	385,215	-	385,21
City Hall improvements	12.	10mm	13,697		13,69
Accounting software conversion	1.2		44,534	9	44,53
Police impound yard improvements			10,031	.4	10,03
Subtotal 1998 Resolution	2,846,899	2,907,463	3,250,423	826,206	4,076,629
2003 Resolution	2,800,000	2,902,165			
City Hall improvements			125,415	T.	125,415
Municipal parking lot improvements		-	181,867		181,86
Public safety-fire equipment	-3	100	119,816	34,798	154,61
Wastewater Treatment Plant	-	1.2	1,217,882		1,217,88
Public works facility debt service	19			43,760	43,760
Other capital outlay projects:					
Bloomingdale park and ballfield	-	- 28	162,359	2	162,35
Taylor park	1,50	- 9	199,387		199,38
Office equipment	1.2		9,860	-	9,86
Bloomingdale fire station			184,056		184,05
Stagecoach road paving	19		466,893	÷	466,89
Land purchase	13		158,477		158,47
History Museum	131	13	21,951	28,049	50,000
Machinery and equipment	- 9	-	107,817	174,788	282,60
Subtotal 2003 Resolution	2,800,000	2,902,165	2,955,780	281,395	3,237,175
2008 Resolution	3,000,000	3,000,000			
General administration equipment	4.5	8		22,235	22,235
Public safety facility		1.8	747,378		747,378
Public safety equipment	4	- 2		76,776	76,770
Public works equipment	1.0	1.8	32,640	117,592	150,232
Drainage projects:					
Phase III project	1.5		-	83,868	83,86
Recreation:					
Veterans Monument	1.0	5-	1.00	50,000	50,000
Recreation equipment	1.00	- - :		29,651	29,65
Water and sewer equipmnent		- 12		11,539	11,539
Subtotal 2008 Resolution	3,000,000	3,000,000	780,018	391,661	1,171,679
Totals for all Resolutions	\$ 8,646,899	\$ 8,809,628	\$ 6,986,221	\$ 1,499,262	\$ 8,485,483
					continued

continued

Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Reconciliation of Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Sales Tax Proceeds to Expenditures and Net Transfers reported in the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Funds:

Expenditures	
SPLOST Drainage Project Fund	\$ 831,381
SPLOST 2003-2008	281,395
SPLOST 2008-2014	257,793
SPLOST Greenspace Fund (non-major fund)	214,343
Total expenditures	1,584,912
Other funding sources:	
Grant funding	(75,000)
Private contributions and donations	(10,650)
Total SPLOST expenditures	\$ 1,499,262

concluded



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bloomingdale, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bloomingdale, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2013.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Bloomingdale, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Bloomingdale, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our

tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KRT, CPAs P.C.

KRT, CPAS P.C.

Savannah, Georgia December 23, 2013